

Beispiel:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \begin{array}{l} 2x = 2 \quad | :2 \\ x = 1 \end{array}$$

Ergänze die fehlenden Äquivalenzumformungen (Kommandos):

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \begin{array}{l} x - 5 = 10 \quad | \\ x = 15 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \begin{array}{l} x - 52 = 103 \quad | \\ x = 155 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \begin{array}{l} x + 93 = 49 \quad | \\ x = -44 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \begin{array}{l} x : 3 = 21 \quad | \\ x = 63 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \begin{array}{l} x : 10 = 2,3 \quad | \\ x = 23 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \begin{array}{l} x + 4,6 = 49 \quad | \\ x = 44,4 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \begin{array}{l} x * 15 = 45 \quad | \\ x = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \begin{array}{l} x * 5 = 400 \quad | \\ x = 80 \end{array}$$